

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Anti-Daratumumab antibody

Anti-Daratumumab is a chimeric rabbit/human anti-idiotypic antibody designed to specifically target the human therapeutic antibody Daratumumab.

Article number Product group Techique

M9261 **Recombinant Antibody ELISA**

AntiBodyChain www.antibodychain.com order.handling@antibodychain.com +31(0) 43 2010 660 Wim Duisenbergplantsoen 31 6221SE Maastricht







Medisch Centrum





Technical information sheet

Anti-Daratumumab antibody

M9261

For research use only

Application

Anti-Daratumumab, is a chimeric rabbit/human anti-idiotypic antibody that specifically targets the human therapeutic antibody Daratumumab. The antibody consists of rabbit variable domains and human constant domains. The recombinant antibody binds mainly to free Daratumumab in samples.

Daratumumab is a human IgGI/kappa antibody, recognising the CD38 molecules.^(1, 2) CD38 is expressed in various human tissues, the highest expression is found in hematopoietic tissues with high expression on plasma cells.

Anti-Daratumumab antibody has been evaluated in ELISA, other techniques need to be validated by the user. It is recommended to test anti-Daratumumab by titration of the product in the used technique, using appropriate negative/positive controls.

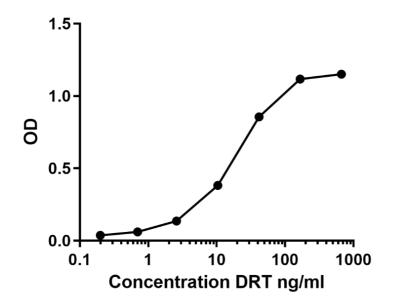


Figure 1: Titration of Daratumumab to create a pharmacokinetic (PK) curve in bridging ELISA. Anti-Daratumumab antibody was used as capture (0.25 μ g/ml) and detection antibody (0.125 μ g/ml) in sandwich assay format.⁽⁴⁾ DRT= Daratumumab

Plesmanlaan 125 1066 CX Amsterdam P.O. Box 9190 1006 AD Amsterdam The Netherlands



References

- 1Piedra-Quintero ZL, Wilson Z, Nava P, Guerau-de-Arellano M. CD38: An ImmunomodulatoryMolecule in Inflammation and Autoimmunity. Front Immunol. 2020; 11. PMID:33329591.
- 2 European Medicines Agency (EMA). Darzalex (daratumumab). https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/medicines/human/EPAR/darzalex. 2020..
- 3 Großerichter-Wagener C, Kos D, van Leeuwen A, Dijk L, Jeremiasse J, Loeff FC et al. Biased anti-idiotype response in rabbits leads to high-affinity monoclonal antibodies to biologics. MAbs 2020; 12. PMID:32887534.